


1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1033-1037.

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E. SHEADS. **G. W. DUNSTER.**
Lumber, Coal and Stoves.

NEW FIRM!
THIS undersigned respectfully announces
to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity
that they have entered into a partnership
and intend opening a **COAL & LUMBER**
YARD, on Washington street, in the rear
of the Eagle Hotel, where they will be happy
to see all who may favor them with a call.
They will furnish every variety of **Stove, Black**

NEEFIT, and **Lineburner's COAL**, at the lowest possible wholesale rates, in order to introduce into general use. They also intend keeping a full and general assortment of **LUMBER** as soon as the Railroad is completed. They will keep constantly on hand every variety of **COAL** and **WOOD STOVES**, among which are the celebrated **William Penn**, **No. 1 Cook**, **Royal Cook** and **See Shell** Co.

YES! Persons wishing to examine their stock will please call at their Store Ware Room, West Middle street, at the residence of Bob

Sheads.
 Orders promptly attended to.
ROBERT SHEADS,
C. HENRY BUEHLER.
 Gettysburg, Aug. 21, 1857.

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A. Mathiot & Son's
SOFA AND FURNITURE WAREHOUSE
Nos. 25 and 27 N. Gay street, Baltimore.

McCurdy, (near Fayette st.) extending from Gay Frederick st.—the largest establishment of the kind in the Union. Always on hand large assortment of every variety of **HOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE**, embracing—
Bureaus, Bedsteads,
Washstands, Wardrobes,
Mattresses of Blank Cotton and Hair.

Office, B.
Picking,
R. G. Me-
J. Augh-
its opera-
been in
six years,
and ex-

Spring Beds, 8 fms.
Totes, Totes, Arm Chairs,
Rocking Chairs, Stangers,
Marble Tables, Settees,
Reception and Upholstered Chairs,
Aerial Colors of Cottage Furnitures,
Wood Chairs,
Office Chairs,
Bed on Chais.

Cribbs and Cradles,
 Matt Racks,
 Wall Furniture,
 Gilt and Walnut Frames,
 Looking Glasses, Sideboards,
 Extension Tables, of every length.
 Persons disposed to purchase are invited
 call and give our stock an examination.

which for variety and quality of workmanship is not equalled by any establishment in the country. A. MATHIOT & SON,
Nos. 25 and 27 N. Gay street
Aug. 2, 1858. 1v


The West.
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 ontng 20

EST. MATERIALS

Clear the Way

FOR THE NEW EIRM!—No. 1
and 3 Riding and Wagon Saddles,
Trotting, Buggy and Carriage
Nes, Buggy, Carriage, Mole, Hair, Tick
and many other Riding and Driv

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the largest
in town,
all of his
customers

New Livery Establishment.
CHARLES M. TATE has opened a new Livery establishment, at the stable in Washington street, occupied by the "Eagle Hotel," and has made such arrangements as will enable him to accommodate the public at all times, on reasonable terms, with Horses, Buggies, Wags, &c. His stock

gobos. On mineral deposits, etc., we are able to supply a want which has been needed.

W. F. Tamm, CASLE
May 24, 1883.

Elastic Cement Roofing.
This material is prepared of cement, put on at the shortest notice.

W. F. Tamm, CASLE
May 24, 1883.

It is perfectly Fire and Water proof, in point of durability is equal, if not superior to any Metallic Rodding, and can be put over the tin, iron, or shingle roofs, and flat roofs, steep they may be.

In point of strength the strength of the cement and water, nothing has ever been known equal to the Elastic Cement.

Those who have used it, have testified to its very perfection. No Rooming House there is no further room for improvement. No one will now think of putting in their own thin Cottons, and the fact that they are not so good as the Elastic Content is well known. This Rooming is warranted as reliable. The Elastic Content is the best. The best protection from danger.

[illegible]

at the [redacted] [redacted] [redacted]
April, 1967. [redacted] [redacted]

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

THE COMPILER is published every Monday morning, by HENRY J. STAHL, at \$1.75 per annum if paid strictly in advance—\$2.00 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrears are paid. Advertisements inserted at the usual rates. Job printing done with neatness and dispatch, and at moderate prices. Office in South Baltimore street, directly opposite Wampler's Tinning Establishment, one and a half squares from the Court House—“Compiler” on the sign.

Valuable Real Estate.

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The subscribers, Executors of ABRAHAM SNYDER, deceased, offer at Private Sale, that

DESIRABLE FARM, on which excellent ripened upwards of twenty years, situated in Tyrone township, Adams county, adjoining lands of George Meckley, heirs of Jacob Wolf, Anthony Dandorf, Samuel Dandorf, and David Hoover, containing 202 ACRES, more or less, with good proportions of Timber and Meadow. The improvements consist of a two-story HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, and Corn Crib attached, a well, a Cooper Shop, and other out-buildings; 2 never-failing wells of water, one at the house, and the other at the barn; and an excellent APPLE ORCHARD, with a variety of other choice fruit. A large Creek runs through the farm, and the water is also to be used on the property. The fences, mostly of chestnut rails, are good, and the land is in a good state of cultivation, two-thirds of it having been limed. The property will be shown by Samuel Polinger, residing thereon. Also, A TRACT OF MOUNTAIN LAND, containing 7 acres, more or less, situated in Menallen township, Adams county, adjoining lands of George Meckley, Jacob Galden, and others.

JOHN SNYDER, FREDERICK HOLTZ, Executors.

Sept. 6, 1858. The sale notes given for personal property of said deceased are now due, and immediate payment is required. The notes are in the hands of F. Holtz.

Valuable Lots and Lots.

FOR SALE, in and near Gettysburg.—The subscribers will offer at Public Sale, on Saturday, the 24th day of October next, on the premises, the following valuable property, to-wit:

A Two-story Brick HOUSE, in Chambersburg street, between the Stores of Messrs. Scott and Picking, front part now occupied as a Jeweller's shop, with a well of excellent water.

Also, A Two-story Brick HOUSE, on Railroad street, with a full lot, situated for Lumber, Coal, or other business on the Railroad.

Also, about 22 Acres of excellent LAND, lying on the Millerstown Road, including 6 Acres, more or less, of TIMBER-LAND, immediately in the rear of my dwelling.

On this tract is an excellent farm, with a well, and other out-buildings, a lot right to an excellent well of water, a thriving Apple and Peach Orchard, and adjoining it a new and well-constructed Frame and Weatherboarded HOUSE, with four rooms and a kitchen.

The land will be sold entire, or in parts to suit purchasers.

Also, a lot of land, situated on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

S. S. SCHMUCKER.

Sept. 6, 1858. ts

A Valuable Farm.

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The subscriber, wishing to discontinue farming, offers at Private Sale,

HIS FARM, situated in Mountjoy township, on the road leading from the White Church to Humer's Mill, adjoining lands of Jacob Schwartz, James Kiser, George Groff, and others, containing 22 Acres, more or less, including 50 and 60 acres of excellent land, and a large proportion of Meadow.

The improvements are a Two-story Brick HOUSE, Oast Barn, a well, a Cooper Shop, and other out-buildings, in good order, two never-failing wells of water near the door, with pumps in them, several springs on the farm; 2 good Orchards, containing a variety of fruit, Apples, Peaches, Pears, &c.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the subscriber, residing thereon.

GEORGE F. KAUFLEISCH.

Aug. 30, 1858. 2m

Cheap! Cheap!

MORE NEW GOODS!—JACOBS & BRO. have just returned from the city, with a very large assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Summer Goods, and everything else in the men's wear line. They also offer plain and fancy Shirts, Collars, silk and cotton Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, &c. Having had considerable experience in the trade, they are enabled to sell cheaper than even an excellent full cloth suit, made up, for \$13, for instance. Give them a call, at their new establishment, in Chambersburg street, four doors west of the Court-house, before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHN HOKE.

April 5, 1858.

New Marble Establishment.

A. V. HONBACH would most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a new Marble Yard at McSherrytown, Adams county, Pa., where he will execute all kinds of work in his line of business, such as MONUMENTS, TOMBS & HEAD STONES, &c., with neatness and dispatch, and at low rates to suit the times. All orders addressed to A. V. Honbach, at McSherrytown, Adams county, Pa., will be promptly attended to.

May 24, 1858. Gu

Removal.

THE subscriber has removed his Plough and Machine Shop from the Foundry building to Railroad street, opposite Tate's Blacksmith shop, back of the Eagle Hotel, where he is better prepared than ever to attend to customers. Ploughs always on hand and made to order at the shortest notice, and all orders are respectfully solicited. Also he will attend to cleaning and repairing Clocks.

DAVID WARREN.

May 10.

Just Arrive!

NEW GOODS at GILLESPIE & THOMAS.—Groceries, Fish, Spices, Confections, Fruit, &c., &c. Selling cheaper than ever on a call.

Also, the Jones Patent COAL OIL LAMPS—the greatest improvement of the age.

June 7, 1858.

GROCERIES.—If you want a good assortment of Groceries, such as Syrups, Molasses, Sugar and Coffee, you will do well by examining the assortment at

H. S. & E. H. MINNIONS.

MUSICAL.—Violins, Flutes, Accordions, &c., &c. for sale low at PICKING'S.

TRUNKS for sale cheap at

PICKING'S.

CARPET BAKES of description to be had at

PICKING'S.

GROCERIES.—Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, and all kinds of Spices, and every article in the grocery line, cheap and good at the new

Dry Good and Grocery Store of

J. C. GUINN & BRO.

April 5.

White Goods

AND EMBROIDERIES. J. L. SCHICK

would invite the Ladies to examine his

large variety of new style Brilliants, Cam-

brics, Jaconets, Plain Cambrics, Linen, Col-

lors, Handkerchiefs, &c.

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April 5.

The Compiler.



H. J. Mable, Editor and Proprietor.
GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, Sept. 30, 1856.
DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT.
WILLIAM A. FOSTER, of Philadelphia.
Associate Commissioner.
WESTLEY FRIST, of Fayette county.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

GOVERNOR.
WILSON REILLY, of Chambersburg.
ASSISTANT GOVERNOR.
CHARLES WILL, of Oxford township.
COMMISSIONERS.
ISAAC WIEBMAN, of Union township.
DANIEL GRESSEMAN, of Union township.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.
ABRAHAM SPANGLER, of Cumberland twp.
JACOB KILCK, of Germany township.
Dr. E. W. MUMMA, of Gettysburg township.

ATTEND THE MEETINGS!
Democrats of Adams.
"ONCE MORE INTO THE BATTLE-FIELD!"

THE people of Adams county are invited to Meetings of the Democracy, to be held at the following times and places, viz:
In GETTYSBURG, on Monday evening next, Sept. 24th.
In FAIRFIELD, on Tuesday evening, Sept. 25th.
In ABLETTSTOWN, on Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 26th.
In IRISTOWN, on Wednesday evening, Sept. 27th.
In LITTLESTOWN, on Thursday evening, Sept. 28th.
In HEIDELSBURG, on Friday evening, Oct. 1st.

HON. WILSON REILLY,
the Democratic candidate for Congress in this District, is expected to address all these Meetings, and speeches will be made by other advocates of the "good old cause." COME ALL! Do not fail to hear the able and eloquent champion of Democracy, Mr. Reilly. By order of the Democratic Co. Com., H. J. STAHL, Chairman.
Sept. 20, 1856.

At a meeting of the Democratic County Committee, held at Wattle's hotel, in this place, on Wednesday last, the nomination of Dr. STUM was accepted, and Dr. E. W. MUMMA, of Bendersville, was unanimously chosen for the position of Coroner upon the Democratic Ticket. Dr. Mumma is a gentleman well schooled in his profession, and eminently qualified to discharge the duties of Coroner to the entire satisfaction of the people of the county. He deserves, and will receive, the hearty support of the Democracy.

Be Warned!
We forewarn our friends that the Opposition are now secretly and steadily at work, and notwithstanding the seeming indifference of many of them as to the result of the contest, every man will be found at his post when his services are wanted.

Hon. Wilson Reilly, the Democratic nominee for Congress, addressed a large meeting of the Democracy of Juniata county, in the Court-house, at Millintown, on the 8th inst. The room was crowded to its utmost capacity, and the speech of Mr. Reilly is pronounced by the Register to have been thrillingly eloquent and impressive. It was rapturously applauded throughout, and when the meeting adjourned three tremendous cheers were given for Mr. Reilly.

We understand that the Opposition candidate for Congress, Mr. McPherson, is soliciting votes from Democrats. This is cool, to say the least of it. Why, ever since he has been old enough to take part in politics, his course towards Democrats and the Democratic party has been marked by abuse as coarse and offensive as language could make it. Every newspaper with which he ever held connection, was notorious for little else. Yitupersive and heartless, therefore, as he has shown himself to be towards his political opponents, his advances for votes at the hands of any of them should be spurned with scorn and contempt.

The skies are bright in our good old Commonwealth. On all sides the unconquerable Democracy are making ready for the October battle, and will carry it in spite of all coalitions. The majority for Foster and Frost may reach 40,000!

The Black Republicans have carried Maine, but by a decreased majority. If the Democrats continue to increase as they have during the past year or two, they will soon have the State.

F. S.—The Democrats have gained a member of Congress and several members of the Legislature. Well done!

At the recent election for Congress in Arkansas, Boston county gave Hildman, Democrat, one thousand three hundred and one vote, and Crosby, Know Nothing, two! The two votes are supposed to be fraudulent.

Sold Falsehood!
"The Compiler mistakes the facts, when it says that 'Mr. Will voted against the additional pay to members.'"
Adams Sentinel.
The Sentinel is endeavoring to excel the Star in bold falsification. A lie more naked or glaring than the one which the former is guilty of in the above three lines, we have rarely seen equalled in the nearly twenty years during which we have been connected with the newspaper business. That "Mr. Will voted against the additional pay to members," is as indisputable as any fact can be made by eye-witnessed and recorded evidence—and no one possessing a spark of truthfulness or fairness, (knowing the facts, as the editor of that paper does,) can say anything else.

Let us examine the House Journal. The Appropriation Bill, embracing something like fifty sections, as reported by the Committee of Ways and Means, contained a provision allowing members of both Houses \$200 more than the regular salary—being the precise amount of additional pay which had been voted at several previous sessions. Mr. Will moved TO STRIKE OUT the provision in regard to the extra \$200, and on the yeas and nays being called, the result was:

IN FAVOR OF STRIKING OUT—Messrs. Adams, Brand, Budd, George, Gilchrist, Glantz, Grattan, Hamel, Hay, Hays, Hodgson, Jenkins, Kincaid, Lovet, McDonald, Negley, Nill, Nussamer, Owen, Powell, P. W. Smith, Price, Ramsdell, Roth, Roland, Rose, Rupp, Sharp, Shields, Stephens, Stewart, Turner, Vandy, Webster, Westover, Wharton, White, Wither, Wolf, Woodring, and Longaker, Speaker—41.

AGAINST STRIKING OUT—Messrs. Atkin, Bigner, Bower, Bruce, Calhoun, Castner, Chase, Christy, Crawford, J. H. Donnelly, J. S. Donnelly, Henshaw, Egan, Evans, Foster, Hiram, Hipple, Hodge, Hurlburt, Irwin, Jackson, Kirkpatrick, Lauman, Lawrence, Loyd, McClain, McClure, Mangle, Nichols, Ramsay, Rhodes, Scott, Shaw, Smith (Berks), Smith (Cambria), Smith (Wyoming), Warner, Weaver, Wells, Wilcox, Williams, Williston and Yeasly—44.—See House Journal, pages 551 and 552.

There! Is not Mr. Will's vote recorded "against the additional pay to members"—or, which is the same thing, in favor of striking it out—as plain as black and white can make it? That the provision carried, was not Mr. Will's fault. He pursued the best possible course to defeat it by voting against it; and this was the only test had upon the section, and consequently the only occasion upon which an expression of the sentiments of members in regard to it could have been given.

Such is a simple and unvarnished statement of the facts in the case, as we have gleaned them from the Journal of the House proceedings. And yet, in the face of all, and easily established as the truth can be, the Adams Sentinel has the mendacity to declare that "The Compiler mistakes the facts, when it says that 'Mr. Will voted against the additional pay to members.'"

Humiliating!
"The Compiler attempts to get out of Mr. Will's 'extra pay' business, by charging that Maj. MUSELMAN stands upon the same footing, on the record of the previous session. We do not know that this, even if true, can help Mr. Will. Two wrongs can never make a right."—Adams Sentinel.
"To such complexion," then, must the Sentinel "come at last!"—Driven to the wall, hemmed in on all sides, in regard to the "extra pay business," the editor of that paper is forced to the desperate and humiliating alternative of pronouncing Major MUSELMAN's course, in taking extra pay, WRONG! A year ago the act was all right in the eyes of the editor of that paper, but now he declares that it was "wrong" and thus in effect acknowledges that he himself was accessory to a "wrong," because he endorsed it when the Major was a candidate for re-election!

If the acceptance of the extra pay was a "wrong" in Mr. Muselman, what shall be said of the editor of the Sentinel, who winked at it during last fall's contest? He cannot—he dare not—plead ignorance of the facts.

Mr. Muselman has much reason to complain of this unlooked-for stab at the hands of the editor of the Sentinel, and he may well beg to be "saved from his friends!"

No Dodging!
We asked the following question last Monday:
"SAY, editors of the Star and Sentinel, did not Major MUSELMAN, as a member of the Legislature, accept \$200 'extra pay'? And, further, SAY, did you find fault with him for so doing? Answer!"

The query is again put, because the Star wouldn't touch it last Friday, and the Sentinel may be equally mum in regard to it this morning. It is a plain question, and a candid answer (if the editors of the Star and Sentinel can screw themselves up to the truth-telling point,) would furnish the key to the unmanly and persecuting spirit which prompts them in their efforts to defeat CHARLES WILL. Come, gentlemen, there is "black and white" for all we ask.—Will you produce it? Will you "face the music?"

Democrats of Adams, pass the word along the line: "The ticket—the whole ticket—and nothing but the ticket!"

The Democrats of Lancaster county have nominated for Congress JAMES M. HORTON, Esq., who will be supported by all the Union-loving men of the district, and may defeat Thaddeus Stevens. The editor of the Intelligencer already thinks that "Stevens is doomed."

Opposition Ticket.
Congress—Edward McPherson.
Assembly—Samuel Durboraw.
Associate Judge—James Davis.
Commissioner—Samuel Metzger.
Director—Samuel Herbst.
Auditor—John Brinkerhoff.

Opposition Platform.
[WITHOUT THE VARIATIONS.]
"In the presence of Almighty God and these witnesses, I do solemnly promise and swear that I will never betray any of the secrets of this society, nor communicate them to proper candidates, except within a lawful council of the order; that I will not permit any of the secrets of this society to be written, or in any other manner to be made legible, except for the purpose of official instruction; that I will not vote, nor give my influence for any man, for any office in the gift of the people, unless he be an American born citizen, in favor of Americans ruling America, nor if he be a Roman Catholic; that I will in all political matters, so far as this order is concerned, comply with the will of the majority, though it may conflict with my personal preference."—Know Nothing Oath.

"I, of my own free will and accord, in the presence of Almighty God and these witnesses, do solemnly and sincerely swear that I will not, under any circumstances, disclose in any manner, nor suffer it to be done by others, if in my power to prevent it, the name, signs, passwords, or other secrets of this degree, except in open Council for the purpose of instruction; that I will support in all political offices, members of this order in preference to other persons; that I will, when elected or appointed to any official station conferring on me the power to do so, remove all foreigners, aliens, or Roman Catholics from office or place, and that I will in no case appoint such to any office or place in my gift. I do also promise and swear that this and all other obligations which I have previously taken in this order shall ever be kept through life, sacred and inviolate. All this I promise and declare as an American to sustain and abide by, without any hesitation or mental reservation whatever, so help me God!"—Know Nothing Oath.

Too "Sharp," by Odds!
In the last Sentinel appears a correspondence, (the idea suggested by a leader out of the borough, and the letters the work of the Star managers,) between Mr. JACOB RESSER, of East Berlin, and Mr. SAMUEL DURBORAW, the Know Nothing candidate for the Legislature. Mr. D. is asked his opinions in regard to "extra \$200" and the "tonnage tax."

In regard to the former, he says he would vote, if elected, (there's the rub!) to repeal the \$700 law, but is very careful not to commit himself in regard to the taking of the said \$700, should the bill not be repealed. This is a palpable dodging of the question.

As to the tonnage tax on the Central Railroad, it is proper to bear in mind that the Opposition in the Legislature have always shown a very warm side for that mammoth company, going even so far as to give it the Main Line of our Public Works for half price. Becoming fearful that the people would suspect them of a desire also to relieve the company of the tonnage tax which it pays into the Treasury of the State, their leaders, here and there, suggest the propriety of their candidates pledging themselves to an opposite course; but they generally leave a loop-hole for an emergency, such as the following in the letter signed by Mr. Durboraw:

"Holding these views, I shall regard it my duty, if elected, to vote against a repeal of the Tonnage tax, unless it can be satisfied, that a repeal would bring more money into the Treasury of the State."

We italicize the last two lines, because there is more in them than will occur to the apprehension of the hasty reader. It would be a very easy matter for the Central Railroad Company to convince Mr. Durboraw that the "repeal would bring more money into the Treasury of the State." Let his partisan feelings but run with that Company, as did those of Major Muselman and all the rest of the Opposition members in 1857, and there would be little trouble in convincing Mr. Durboraw of anything. The Opposition candidate for Congress in this district, who has served the Company well, could readily be impressed into the service, and his "figures" (if as potent as in 1857) would soon demonstrate to Mr. D.'s vision the propriety of a repeal of the tonnage tax! That dodge is equally transparent.

Mr. Durboraw's letter winds up as follows:

"Having no views of public policy to conceal from the public eye, you are, of course, at liberty to make such use of this correspondence as you may think proper."

This has a very candid look, but the beauty of it is sadly damaged by the incident which it suggests in Mr. Durboraw's history—to wit, when he took the Know Nothing oath of secrecy in a Council of the Order in Mountjoy township. That oath enjoined and required those subscribing to it to DECEIVE.

The "correspondence" had better be used in a Know Nothing fashion—privately. Its publication in the newspapers has served only to expose a new piece of trickery.

At the Democratic Legislative Conference of Franklin and Fulton counties, at London, on the 7th instant, the Senatorial Delegate to the next Democratic State Convention was conceded to Adams county.

Fraud! Fraud!
THE "KANE LETTER" AND THE OPPOSITION STATE CONVENTION!

"The fraud perpetrated by the celebrated 'Kane letter' in 1844, by which the Democracy were made to believe that James K. Polk was a 'better Tariff-man' than HENRY CLAY (!) has surely not been forgotten."—Adams Sentinel.
If the "Kane letter" was a "fraud," then is the resolution in regard to the Tariff adopted by the recent Black Republican Know Nothing (or "Peoples") State Convention at Harrisburg—the nominees of which the Sentinel warmly supports—also a "fraud!"
Read the following extract from the "Kane letter":
"I am in favor of a tariff for revenue, such an one as will yield a sufficient amount to the Treasury to defray the expenses of the Government economically administered. In adjusting the details of a revenue tariff I have heretofore sanctioned such moderate discriminating duties as produce the amount of revenue needed, and at the same time afford reasonable incidental protection to our home industry."—June 19, 1844.

Now turn to the resolution of the recent Opposition State Convention. It is these words, exactly:

"Resolved, That the revenue necessary for a judicious and economical administration of the Government should be raised by the imposition of duties upon foreign imports, and in laying them, such discriminating protection should be given as will secure the rights of free labor and American industry."
The sentiments expressed in each are as like as two peas—and if there was "fraud" in the one there must be "fraud" in the other. Is it not so, candid reader?

This "Tariff" agitation is turning out to be an unfortunate one for the Sentinel and Star, as well as for their candidate for Congress. Both these papers were very earnest in favor of the election of "Free-trade" Wilmot to the Governorship, but a year since, whilst Mr. McPherson went so far in his admiration of the "traitor Davy" as to serve in the office of Secretary to his State Committee, and spent several months in that intimate capacity, at Philadelphia, immediately preceding the election. And now, to make bad worse, the Opposition Convention has placed before the people of the Commonwealth, an equally ardent old "Free-trader" for Supreme Judge, JOHN M. REED, of Philadelphia, who was one of the signers to a letter congratulating Vice President Dallas upon his "firmness" and "patriotism" in giving the casting vote against the Tariff of 1842!!

Under such adverse circumstances, an ordinary sense of prudence would suggest danger in pronouncing the "Kane letter" a "fraud"!! And it would also suggest that significant old adage, that "people who live in glass houses should never throw stones."

"Raw Head & Bloody Bones!"

The editor of the Star does not like our allusions to Know Nothingism.—Did any reader ever know a man guilty of an improper act to desire to have it afterward "cast up" to him? Of course not. But it may still be well, occasionally, to remind such persons of the frailty of human nature, that they may be more circumspect in after life. So with the Star managers. We wish to keep them in remembrance of their "dark lantern" folly, that they may avoid new-fangled sins in the future. We are not sure that our "remedy" will effect a permanent cure—but the physis, nauseating as may be, they must most certainly take, and in just such doses as we may choose to prescribe. Ugly faces won't abate our resolution an iota.

"Extravagance!"
The Star says that a "lie well stuck to is better than the truth." The Star ought to know. As the business is not in our line, of course we cannot be expected to say anything about it, pro or con. But if the editor of that voracious paper is in earnest in the above declaration, we would suggest the necessity of his paying closer attention to his "P's and Q's."

A month or more ago, he declared that Mr. BUCHANAN's Administration expended \$100,000,000 in a single year; but fearing that the story was too large even for the "weak-minded" to swallow, on Friday a week he came down to \$80,000,000! On our twitting him for the trifling discrepancy, he last Friday took an immense leap upwards, and fixed the sum at nearly \$104,000,000! This "lie" has been so bunglingly "stuck to," that we should not wonder if his readers presently believed that the Administration had not spent half what he charges it with—in which, by the way, they would arrive very nearly at the correct figures, say \$50,000,000.

The War Department has just closed a contract with Snyder, of Philadelphia, to furnish sixteen thousand felt hats for the army, at 82 1/2 cents each.—The Opposition papers have not yet discovered that the contractor has ordered the hats from Scotland; but if it be necessary, to produce an effect on the coming election, they will doubtless have the news—whether true or not, is of no consequence to them.

Neal Dow has met the fate of Giddings. He was a candidate before the Cumberland (Me.) County Republican Convention for the Senatorial nomination, and was defeated by a Mr. Hannaford.

All who suffer from coughs, colds, bronchitis, croup, whooping-cough, and the most to be dreaded of all, Consumption, can find sure relief in Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, which always cures where other remedies fail. Buy none unless it has the written signature of "I. Butts" on the wrapper.

Mr. McPherson in Junia.

From the Junia Register of the 16th.
Opposition County Meeting.—The Opposition held a meeting on Thursday evening last, and in point of numbers it was not near so large as the Democratic meeting of the preceding night. It was called for the purpose of hearing Mr. EDWARD MCPHERSON, their candidate for Congress, abuse Mr. REILLY, his Democratic competitor. By far the larger portion of his audience was composed of Democrats, and we are only sorry that every member of our party in the county and district, could not have been present and heard him. The Opposition could have had a larger meeting on Tuesday evening, but from some unexplained cause, they were afraid to muzzle their champion prior to the address of Mr. REILLY. Mr. MCPHERSON, we fully believe, could have made fewer votes for his competitor, had he spoken previously to the Democratic meeting, but we suppose, in his Address to the people of the Congressional District, he had said all he had to say on the issues there presented, and could only enlighten his worthy brethren in this region, by listening to the masterly speech of Mr. REILLY of the previous night, and gaining information upon which to base his diatribes. He started out with REILLY and we verily believed if it had not been for that gentleman Mr. MCPHERSON would have nowhere. He labored hard, and told several funny things to make the Stars laugh, in his fruitless efforts to overturn his competitor's facts and figures, and convince the people that he was right and Mr. REILLY wrong. But the more he progressed the sadder became his audience. He arraigned his opponent for violated pledges two years ago. The only pledge Mr. R. made was that he would vote for the admission of Kansas under any constitution, with or without slavery, who might present.—This he did do, but unfortunately not in a manner to please the Black Republicans, and hence the growling of their mastiff under the wagon, about violated pledges. He boasted that he would be elected, and the way he pitched into the Democratic Party, Mr. BUCHANAN and his opponent, he most emphatically implied that it would be without Democratic votes!

His speech was unfair throughout, and pronounced as such by candid men of all parties, and our only regret is that his friends did not prevail on him to repeat it in every election district in the county. The manner and bitterness of his denunciation is a more telling disquisition against himself than anything that could possibly be written or spoken in favor of Mr. REILLY, as it served to arouse the latter's friends to an active and energetic canvass.—Mr. REILLY indulged in no personal assault on Mr. MCPHERSON or his party, and therefore he had no occasion for the abusive language he made against his competitor and the Democratic party. But a man's misfortune is often his ruin, and if the despised Democratic votes in Junia should be found in October to be "thick as leaves in Vallumbrosa," he must not complain, but attribute it to his boasting and temerity.

For The Compiler.
Mr. STAHL—I never wrote anything for a newspaper before, and don't know that you will put this in your paper. But I want to say something about the Know Nothing candidate for Congress, which I think others should be told of. A couple of days ago, the candidate called at the place I work, with another big Know Nothing, and he asked me for my vote. I did not promise him, because I had not forgotten that, three or four years ago, I went to the barber shop, and waiting until my turn came, I picked up a paper printed by this very Mr. McPherson, in Pittsburgh, in which he said a great many hard and not true things of all foreigners, and abused the Democratic party in the worst way he could. Now how can he have the face to ask people whom he has so badly abused, to vote for him? He done all he could to put foreigners and Democrats down, and he ought not to ask them to help to put him up. Besides this, he never took any notice of as common people until he became a candidate, and he only does it at this time to get our votes. But he can't fool many by trying to appear different now. So much from one who was born in the OLD COUNTRY.

We hope to hear from "Old Country" again. If he cannot "write as smoothly" as he might wish, he "talks sense" at any rate.

Hon. J. RUF. EMLE, of Somerset, an ex-Grand Master of the Grand Council of Know Nothings of Pennsylvania, addressed an Opposition meeting in our Court-house, on Thursday evening last. He seemed to regard "Sam" as a "dead cock in the pit," and played upon but two strings, "bleeding Kansas" and the "English bill." He labored intensely, but all to no purpose—the audience would not applaud. The speech was neither argumentative, pointed or funny; indeed, it came short of being even a respectable imitation of the "wang-doodle" of the hard-shell Baptist. So disappointed were the audience, that they left almost in a body, before he had time to give his speech the proper finishing touch, leaving little more than empty benches for D. A. BUEHLER, Esq., to talk to.

The Opposition in the Erie and Crawford district are quarrelling savagely about a candidate for Congress. In the Blair, Huntingdon and Cambria district the Opposition are also at daggers points among each other—the Conference having divided, and each wing having nominated a different candidate.

News from Indiana.—The campaign in this State is progressing very favorably for the success of the Democracy, and our friends are confident of a triumph at the approaching election.—A private letter from Mariott just received at Washington, says:

"The signs of the times are in favor of a Democratic majority of 25,000 or 30,000. We feel confident of defeating John U. Pettit. The cloud that appeared to be over us has all passed away and left us a clear sky."

Communication.

For The Compiler.
MR. STAHL:—The nomination of our excellent Democratic ticket, I perceive, has set the Star clique nearly mad. They cannot find the slightest pretext for saying anything against any man on the ticket except Mr. Will, and his consistent and straight-forward course last Winter in the Legislature, prevents them from saying anything in truth that he or "the rest of mankind" need care to have published to the four corners of the world. I understood the Star clique and the leaders of the Republican portion of the motley faction that we have to contend with, held a caucus recently, at which it was resolved that the Star clique should refrain from indulging in their favorite, and, in fact, for the last few years past, their only mode of warfare, that of assailing and abusing one portion of their fellow citizens because they happen to differ with them in matters of religion, and another portion on account of the place of their birth. The Republicans contended that expediency, at least, if no higher consideration, should induce them to forego for a period the indulgence of their predominant passion; especially since this indulgence in the eyes of some of their own party, had contributed largely to bring about the present political complexion of the county.

At these allusions the Star clique feigned to look mysterious, and were about to ask for an explanation, through their Attorney-general, when one of the more prudent members of the said clique whispered a word of advice to the aforesaid Attorney, which induced him to resume his seat and hold his peace, and bear the rub in silence.

The Star clique knew they had a hard road to travel, in consequence of their antecedents, and they also knew that in case they prolonged the discussion, unpleasant incidents and allusions, (such as were had a few years ago, through the columns of the Star and Sentinel), would be stirred up afresh, which might serve to distract and disturb the harmony of the party, composed as it is of all sorts and sizes of fools.

The Star clique, it seems, had indulged in the hope that since there had been some nominal changes made in their officers and discipline, such as the sticking out a new name at the head of their official organ, and the observance of a more moderate tone on a certain subject, &c., that their past blunders would be entirely overlooked and forgotten, and that they might be permitted to proceed as if nothing had happened to their own disadvantage, and to the disadvantage and defeat of their party in this county. But the Star clique find it hard to thus mortify their rebellious passions, even while they must know from sad experience, and the admonitions of the Sentinels of their party, that their favorite and forbidden mode of warfare does not accord with the genius of American Institutions, nor the tastes of the majority of the people of Adams county.

Notwithstanding all this, the Star clique can scarcely keep within bounds, as is evidenced by the sectarian invectives thrown out last week through the columns of the Star in regard to the religion of Chas. Will. If they dare not bite, they cannot refrain from showing their ivory; and it seems that they would spare a part of their very nose, if they could with profit or impunity be permitted to follow the bent of their narrow bigoted and sordid inclinations. The comments they make in regard to the votes of Mr. Will on the extra-pay bill are truly ridiculous and desperate. They know that he voted against it on every occasion and in every shape, and this galls them to the core. They feign to be surprised that Mr. Will did not call the yeas and nays after the bill had actually passed. In this the clique again show their teeth, as well as their ignorance, if they possibly can be sincere.

They can find nothing in Mr. Will's course last Winter calculated to console them, and they are forced thus to grapple with shadows, and resort to stratagem and fiction.
Judge Snyder, once upon a time, voted against, and took, extra-pay, and the Star subscribed to the legality and propriety of the act. John Muselman more recently dodged an extra-pay bill, (at least his vote cannot be shown), and pocketed the proceeds, yet it was regular and patriotic in the eyes of the Star. Mr. Will did as the Hon. D. M. Snyder had done,—did better than Major Muselman had done, yet he is blamed, and they applauded by their clique. They had better drown like men, than show their cowardice by catching at such subterfuges as this, and then sink even in their own estimation.

They are to be pitied, poor fellows, because they can find nothing plausible to urge against our men. Mr. Will's vote on the License question embarrasses them not a little. They cannot make any capital out of that without interfering with and contradicting their past positions and expressions on the subject.

Besides, their man, Durboraw, they say, is so great a stickler on the temperance question, and for total abstinence, that he would not assist his neighbors, even of his own "political complexion," in obtaining tavern license by simply signing their petitions. Under these and similar circumstances, it is no wonder that men of such impulses and passions as those that conduct and control the columns of the Star should become desperate and despotic. So while we are in duty bound to make allowance for what has passed, we must be surprised at nothing on their part in the future.

FORBESBARGE.

Kansas.—The following is an extract from a letter, dated August 27th, 1856, from a gentleman of high character residing in the Territory:

"There is but little of interest in the Territory. Everything is quiet, and there is not the slightest probability of any further disturbance. Now and then some one proposes a new constitution, but it meets with no favor."
The National men of the old Whig party in Lancaster county are up in arms against Thaddeus Stevens.

Fact and Fancy.

"THE WORLD IN A HUT SHELL."
.....The yellow fever—the scourge of the South—continues its ravages in New Orleans. Large numbers of adventurers who went to Frazer river are returning to San Francisco.
.....The steamer Star of the West arrived at New York on Sunday night, from Apinwahl, with San Francisco dates to the 20th ult., and nearly \$1,700,000 in gold.
.....Financial matters in California were easy beyond anything yet known. Collections were highly satisfactory, and the gold recently going begging at 1 1/2 per cent. on merchandise securities.
.....Nearly a million and a half of gold is on the way from Australia.

.....Dr. Thomas Bailey, of New York, has been appointed the special agent of the government to proceed on the Niagara to the Republic of Liberia in charge of the African recently captured and about to be restored to their native land.
.....The Morry played eight games of chess blindfolded at once at the Birmingham Chess Congress, winning all but one game.
.....The Young Men's Christian Association of Baltimore are taking up collections for the relief of those who are suffering from the fever in New Orleans. The Young Men's Christian Association of the latter city have between two and three hundred sick under treatment, and are sadly in want of funds.

.....The editor of the Reading Gazette and Democrat has been showing a specimen of uncharitable coal, taken from a vein recently discovered in Albany township, Berks county, where there are indications of a large deposit of this valuable mineral.

.....The Opposition in Delaware have nominated William Morris, Esq., for a resident of York, as their candidate for Congress.
....."Thanks!" said an old bachelor, "no more women in Heaven—they can't get in, their hoops are so broad they'll have to go the round—can't get through the narrow gate."

.....An old lady, reading an account of a distinguished lawyer, who was said to be the father of the New York bar, exclaimed, "Poor man! he had a dreadful case of children."—The most desperate piece of coldness we have heard of recently, was that of a young man named Maynard, in Del. Av county, Wisconsin, whose leg was recently amputated. While the leg was being taken off he coolly asked for a chew of tobacco, and inquired the cause of a cork leg, saying that he intended to have one as soon as he got well and could earn one.

.....The best way to strengthen a good resolution is to act on you resolve. If you resolve to repair an old fence, it strengthens the resolution and fence too, to commence at once.

Another Wilmot in the Field.

It is not seldom that the judicial criminal is dragged into the political arena in Pennsylvania. The Philadelphia Argus says, our people have an idea that a judge ought not to be a brawling politician, and for many years this popular opinion was respected. But the present age of fanaticism has wrought many revolutions, and among them is the partial overthrow of judicial dignity. Wilmot set the example, by proselyting for Abolitionism; and now Judge Haines, of Chester, has turned political brawler in the case of Hickman.

Black Republicanism has undoubtedly been a curse to our land. It has debased the pulpit, and made hypocrites of the servants of God. It has turned honest men into fanatics, and made treason to our Union a household word. It has made our ministers of Justice the creatures of bigotry and prejudice. But a day of retribution will come; a day when the honest people, roused from their lethargy, will demand of such men as Wilmot and Haines a fearful account.

Torney Splitting the Republicans.

We fear the opposition made a bad bargain when they bought Foxney, low as was the price at which he sold himself. True, he works diligently for them, but some of his work has been over-ruled by providence for the good of the Democratic party. In his efforts to distract the Democracy of Chester and Delaware counties and re-elect the sneaking traitor HICKMAN to Congress, Foxney has produced a clean split in the Republican party. That party held their Convention at West Chester last week, and great efforts were made by the FOXNEYITES to get the Convention to endorse HICKMAN. Not far from one half the members were disposed to do so, but the majority voted down a resolution to that effect, and proceeded to nominate Mr. BACONMARE for Congress, whereupon thirty-five or forty withdrew and organized a separate Convention and declared for HICKMAN. The FOXNEY speculation will hardly pay our opponents.—Chambersburg Spirit.

Illinois Senatorship.—SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 13.—Judge Brewe, of this State, publishes a letter in the Missouri Republican, on the subject of Illinois politics. He denies that he is not a candidate for the Senate, and also the assertion that he supports Douglas. He denounces "all conspirators and disorganizers against the honor and integrity of the Democratic party," and says, "he will follow that party and no individual."

Gov. Richardson's Resignation.—To correct misapprehension, we have inquired at the proper department and ascertained that Gov. Richardson's resignation of the office of Governor of Nebraska Territory will not take effect until the first of January next. As this will be a month after the meeting of the Senate, it is to be presumed that no appointment will be made of his successor before that time.—Washington Union.

Celebration of the Battle of North Point.—BALTIMORE, Sept. 13.—The anniversary of the battle of North Point, which occurred yesterday, was celebrated today by a general holiday. The principal feature of the day was the removal of the remains of Wells and McComas, who lost their lives during the battle at North Point, to the spot selected in the city, where a monument is to be erected. A large procession, containing the military and civic authorities, escorted the remains. Salutes were fired, the stores closed along the route, and flags were displayed appropriately draped with crape.

The "Little Corporal."—The Imperial infant of France has been named corporal in the regiment of the Guards, to which he belongs, and in which he was lately fusilier. The promotion was made by the colonel, and took place on the day he was two years and a half old. The "little corporal" marched around the palace of St. Cloud on that day in his new uniform.

Captain Travis proposes to shoot through his legs, in a stooping position, with his back to the target, and his pistol upside down, against any other person, who may shoot in the ordinary way, for the sum of \$5,000.

